

Everybody has new furs but father, and he can grow his.

If the vegetarians could have their way peanut butter would be king.

Muffling the sneeze is a prophylactic measure within the reach of all.

The hole in the pocket which loses most money for a fellow is that at the top.

Seeing that shoes are going to \$29 a pair why not try walking on your hands.

Grapefruit, being a modern invention, nobody can claim he inherited a taste for it.

An expert is a man who knows more about everybody else's business than he does of his own.

It used to be that the college football teams played their coaches. Now the coaches know better.

The modern party dress is truly the last word in clothing. Modesty prevents us from saying more.

There are no statistics to reveal what leap year has done. Furthermore, it is nobody's business.

Roumania is not the original discoverer of the fact that it is easier to get into trouble than out of it.

According to statisticians, there are 2,000,000 acres of farm land in New York producing nothing but statistics.

England is to make bullets out of thalpins. There seems to be no end to the usefulness of that little article.

Edison advises young men to work in order to escape temptation. This is certainly good advice, but not pleasant.

What goes up must come down, but that does not make this simple truth any more agreeable to losers in the stock market.

A fashion note says that there will be few changes in men's clothes this year. There is little change now in some men's clothes.

Cancer, according to a Philadelphia physician, is a rich man's disease, which may be some consolation for the poor man who has it.

The poet who invited his love to live in his heart and pay no rent, was not like the average proprietor of an apartment house. He wants his rent in advance.

Census reports indicate that the people of the United States are moving to the cities. Steam heat and running water in the homes explain a good deal of it.

Let us hope that nobody will establish a chain of two-and-one-half-cent stores and gather in all the two-and-one-half-cent pieces as soon as they are coined.

China is using American tractors, too, but not for demolishing the enemy. The celestial republic puts them to their proper use—the drawing of agricultural implements.

Let a man make \$100,000 in a day and he will boast that it was his genius; let him lose \$100,000 in a day and he will whine that the Lord afflicted him.

It is difficult to determine whether the movies are responsible for the decline of the drama or the decline of the drama is responsible for the popularity of the movies.

Even the price of monkeys has gone up, much to the distress of a fashionable fan. If there is a shortage perhaps the faddists will be driven to getting their children.

Cheese is a healthful and cheap substitute for meats and other staple foods, according to the Federal Bureau of Home Economics, but some people do not care for cheese.

And now they are saying that the seventeen-year locusts are due in 1917. It's a long time since the mere mention of grasshoppers or locusts could blanch the cheeks of American farmers.

Sir Sam Hughes suggests that Canada draft bachelors between eighteen and forty-five years of age. Which would a bachelor prefer to do under those circumstances, marry or go to war?

A Toledo paper says there are 73,282 \$10,000 bills in circulation. Some day we hope to be standing on the curb when one is passing by.

The polite and agreeable man may be imposed upon a good deal, but he has more fun than the grouchy who is always insisting on his rights.

Father, wearing out the youngster's toys, proves that the eternal infant survives after arteries commence to harden, heads grow bald and waist-measurements increase.

Another surgeon has turned an imbecile boy into a normal youth, but the need of the day is an operation to cure plain, everyday foolishness.

A Harvard professor says the way not to tire is to choose the kind of work one loves. In a case like that what becomes of the eight-hour day?

## FIRM EXTENDS BONUS SYSTEM

Westinghouse Electric Company Makes Concessions to Salaried and Office Employees.

### MEANS INCREASE IN WAGES

Several Thousand Workers in Pittsburgh District Benefited—Central Pennsylvania Coal Operators Offer Inducements for Men to Remain at Posts.

An extension of the bonus system of the Westinghouse Electric company has been made to include salaried and office employees on hourly rates, by which they will receive a bonus of 8 per cent of their salary each month providing their total excusable time absent and late during the month does not exceed six hours, incurred on not over three occasions. An additional 4 per cent will be given each month to the employee who has not lost any time from work during the month through absence or tardiness, thus enabling those affected to obtain an increase in earnings of 12 per cent for full attendance. Several thousand employees in the Pittsburgh district are benefited by the granting of the bonus.

The Association of Bituminous Coal Operators of Central Pennsylvania, in session at Clearfield, Pa., voted to grant all miners in the district a 10 per cent bonus, provided they do not strike during the year. The bonus will be based on the men's earnings dating from January 1 of this year. About 45,000 miners are employed in the district.

Special efforts are now being made to organize the telegraphers on four great railways—the Great Northern, covering 8,100; Northern Pacific, 6,647; Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, 10,500; and Chicago & Northwestern, 10,175 miles. An effort is also to be made on the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific railroad.

The bonus system of the Lehigh Coal and Navigation company is denounced as a "sweating" process by members of the United Mine Workers' union, who say the men are speeded up to reach a certain figure and then the company reduces the working force and insists that the record be maintained.

The validity of Milwaukee's eight-hour day ordinance, which provides that the work day for city employees, as well as for employees of contractors doing city work, shall not exceed eight hours, was upheld by the state supreme court of Wisconsin.

Active work is now being done by the Canadian national service board to supplant male labor for female wherever possible in munition plants. Already nearly 1,500 women are engaged in the manufacture of munitions in Ottawa.

President James Watters of the trades congress of Canada is working night and day to have the government give proper attention to the returned soldiers, so that they may not be in want at any time.

The present scale of wages on the city ferries in Vancouver, B. C., is as follows: Captains, \$125; mates, \$90; deckhands, \$70; cleaners, \$60; chief engineers, \$125; ticket collectors, \$60; freight clerks, \$75.

The Stenographers' union has lost its fight to get a charter as an international union and failed to be awarded jurisdiction over the office workers employed by the government.

The Japanese government prohibits organization of labor unions, but collective bargaining has come into existence through the formality of applications to the home office.

St. John, N. B., longshoremen have accepted the wage compromise of steamship companies. Hereafter wages will be 37½ cents an hour. Former rate was 35 cents.

A bonus of 15 per cent of their yearly earnings will be paid to about 10,000 Porto Rican sugar workers next July, provided they do not strike.

More than 1,000 people received employment through the aid of the New York city office of the state bureau of employment during October.

A local branch of the National Union of General Workers, an English organization, has been formed at Athlone, Ireland.

The A. F. of L. is absolutely and unqualifiedly opposed to militarism and military training in the public schools.

In Glasgow, Scotland, and some other cities women are being tried out as train drivers or motorwomen.

Painters and Decorators' International union comprises 957 locals, with a total membership of 81,579.

Frisco jitney bus operators' union has affiliated with the California State Federation of Labor.

As a result of a vigorous organizing campaign at Toronto, Can., large numbers of workers are joining the Ladies' Garment Workers' union.

A Workers' Protective association has been established in Carlow, Ireland, the object of which is to combat the increasing price of living.

A machine has been invented that plants from 10,000 to 15,000 forest-tree seedlings in a day when operated by three men and two horses.

The new engineering department of the Wimbledon (England) schools is to be used solely for the instruction of women for munition work.

## SEEK LARGE SUMS FROM CITY

Street Railway Company Starts Suit at Buffalo for Damages Resulting From Strike of Its Employees.

Wide attention is being given to the suit of the International Street Railway company to recover \$100,000 from the city of Buffalo and Erie county on damages arising from the strike of railway employees three years ago. It is the first civil action of its kind ever tried in New York state. It is expected that should the result be favorable for the plaintiff company, similar actions will follow in Rochester, Schenectady and other communities, where differences between street car companies and their employees have led to walk-outs.

The aims and objects of a new movement among the Japanese wage-earners of San Francisco and vicinity, as outlined by its projectors are: To eliminate the unfair competition of Japanese wage-earners by seeking to establish the same wages, hours of labor and conditions that are maintained by the organized white wage-earners, and to raise the standard of living among the Japanese wage-earners in this country.

President Samuel Gompers was instructed at the A. F. of L. convention held in Baltimore, to visit Canada so that he might be better informed on union matters during the war. It is expected that he will time his visit so that he may be in Ottawa during the next meeting of the trades congress of Canada.

Skirts are worn abroad for the most part only in those occupations which bring women in touch with the public. In most of the factories and shops the jumpers and regulation overalls are the approved costume.

Fifty thousand dollars of the 1916 profits of N. W. Ayer & Son, advertising agents, were distributed among employees recently. Every employee with the firm more than a year, even to the office boy, participated in the profit-sharing.

There is a movement on foot to organize a woman's auxiliary of the United Mine Workers of America, and quite a number of influential women in the anthracite field are said to be interested in furthering the project.

A remarkable increase in membership of the sailors' unions on the Atlantic coast is reported. The total membership of the eastern locals, for the first time now exceeds that of the Sailors' Union of the Pacific.

A well-defined movement is under way to induce congress to change the national holiday of labor to Saturday instead of Monday. The reason for this move is to prevent the loss of the day.

Reports from Ottawa indicate an intention to fill all positions in Canada, such as recruiting officers, heads of military hospitals, commission commanders, etc., with returned officers.

The governors of the North of Scotland College of Agriculture at Aberdeen, approved of a scheme for the training in agriculture and horticulture of discharged soldiers and sailors.

The tramways committee of Glasgow (Scotland) corporation has adopted a motion that all women in the tramways department should be paid the same scale of wages as men.

Newcastle (Australia) Labor council has requested the Sydney body to convene a labor congress looking to the adoption of some means to prevent all future strikes.

A total of \$2,788,019.65 has been spent in relief work among its sick and unfortunate members by the International Molders' union during the last 20 years.

Prior to the formation of the union the highest paid theater musician in Philadelphia received \$10 a week. Today the average salary is \$27 a week.

Dundee (Scotland) town council has agreed to increase the wages of constables, sergeants and detective officers, but not those of higher-paid officers.

Earl Henry, chief of the department of mines of West Virginia, announced that 375 miners had been killed in the mines of the state during 1916.

It is reported as the result of a survey that only 35,000 of Baltimore's 70,000 wage-earning women are protected by the ten-hour law.

Compulsory service for women is under discussion in England. It would apply to munition and clerical work for the government.

The state supreme court has ruled that the Connecticut workmen's compensation law does not include occupational ills.

In the future the American Federation of Labor will issue a year-book containing matters of interest to labor.

It is estimated that labor disturbances directly cause a loss of \$1,000,000,000 a year to the United States.

Coal miners in Georgia have received a 10 per cent increase in pay.

Many woman surgeons are connected with the British army.

Savannah, Ga., has 350 organized negro longshoremen.

Because of the increasing price of milk Liverpool (England) City council is to be asked by the labor representatives to establish a municipal supply.

From January 1, 1916, until December 1, 45,901 employees in Pennsylvania received \$1,092,535.22 compensation for disability.

Burnley (England) Weavers' association has paid \$7,055 upon 208 claims for death benefit in respect of men killed in the war.

Over 100,000 women are employed in the tobacco factories of the United States.

## SOLONS ON VACATION

GOVERNOR RYE GOES TO FLORIDA TO RECUPERATE AND LEGISLATURE RECESSES.

Committees Appointed To Investigate Affairs of State During the Three Weeks' Recess—General Bills To Be Considered.

Nashville.—The legislature has recessed for three weeks. Nearly half of Saturday's proceedings were taken up in the appointments of various committees. There will be committees on almost every subject. One is to sit and make up the revenue bill. Others are to investigate the state board of control, the insurance department, the educational department, pensions, agriculture, library, mines and so on.

The legislature will not reassemble until Feb. 26. It has been in session about 30 days. Some of the time has been passed without much being done, but all in all the session has been interesting enough.

In the first place, it has everlastingly disposed of the liquor question. It has passed the first real prohibition law Tennessee ever had. That is the bone-dry bill.

The major part of the remainder of the session will be taken up with the general assessment bills. The state is in debt, it is running behind. More money must be had. A few more bills strengthening the ouster law and the nuisance act will be considered, and the proposed constitutional convention.

### Campaign For Farmers.

A message of more profitable farming to the farmers of West Tennessee is the object of the big better farming campaign which begins February 19. Speakers of much experience in West Tennessee will explain how, through the use of live stock and the planting of home gardens, the profits on farms may be increased. The profits, by the methods which will be explained, will be increased because the cash income will be greater and the cost of keeping up farm work lessened.

In carrying out this campaign within the ten days allotted to the work, the speakers will be divided into teams. There will be 125 speakers and some of them are business men and can be with the campaign only a day or two, instead of the entire ten days. These business men are from all parts of west Tennessee and will discuss the new farm loan act.

The plan for the entire campaign: Benton county, Feb. 20; Carroll county, Feb. 21; Chester county, Feb. 19; Crockett county, Feb. 18; Deatur county, Feb. 23; Dyer county, Feb. 22 and 23; Fayette county, Feb. 20; Gibson county, Feb. 19 and 20; Henry county, Feb. 19; Haywood county, Feb. 21; Hardin county, Feb. 26 and 27; Hardeman county, Feb. 21; Henderson county, Feb. 22 and 23; Lauderdale county, Feb. 23; Lake county, Feb. 22; McNairy county, Feb. 20; Madison county, Feb. 23 and 24; Obion county, Feb. 21; Shelby county, Feb. 19; Tipton county, Feb. 22; Weakley county, Feb. 22.

### Soldiers Building New Camp.

The Third Tennessee infantry is enjoying the huge task of building a new camp. They have moved from Pharr, Tex., where they had been since leaving Nashville in September to San Benito, and put into a temporary camp site south of the city. But beginning this week work has commenced on the permanent camp on the ground vacated by a Louisiana regiment early in the fall of last year. Several of the kitchens and mess shacks were blown down in the awful storm that swept this region last fall and have never been rebuilt, and the Tennesseans will have that to do besides putting in floors for the squad tents and building frames and floors for the officers' tents. This work will consume the best part of a month.

### Guardmen Returning Soon.

Tennessee guardmen now on border duty at Eagle Pass, Texas, will receive such a royal welcome in Memphis, if they are ordered to that city to be mustered out of the federal service, that the memory of beans, prunes and guard duty in the tobacco country will be effaced quickly.

Feeling confident now that the 1st Tennessee infantry will be ordered to Memphis within a month to be mustered out, the Business Men's club chamber of commerce is making plans for the greatest home-coming since the return of the prodigal son in Biblical days.

### Merchants To Receive Instructions.

A short course for merchants, with the idea of stopping leaks, will be conducted by the board of commerce probably the first week in March. Experts who had made success in their respective lines will give courses of instruction.

### Appointed to Pharmacy Board.

Gov. Tom C. Rye has appointed Dr. G. W. Coulter of Clarksville a member of the state board of pharmacy. He succeeds Dr. J. E. Justice, who recently resigned his post.

### Text Books Will Not Be Free.

The state text book commission, authorized by the legislature of 1915, has reported adversely upon the state furnishing free text books to children in the public schools and the erection of a state printing plant. A minority report was made by John W. Gaines.

## There Is a Devil

By REV. J. H. RALSTON, D.D., Secretary of Correspondence Department, Moody Bible Institute, Chicago

TEXT—And bring us not into temptation, but deliver us from the evil one.—R. V. Matt. 6:13.

The Paternoster, or what we commonly, although erroneously, call the Lord's Prayer, is used by multitudes of people in all lands where the Bible is read, but in that prayer there is a petition that is used by those familiar with the English Bible, whose meaning is not at all grasped, and that is, "deliver us from evil." This would seem to mean that all about the petitioner there was some atmosphere or influence that might contaminate him, and he is praying that he might be delivered from that contamination. The revisers of the Bible have rendered splendid service in correcting the translation at that point, and in the petition we read, "deliver us from the evil one." Certainly no scholarly interpretation of that passage in the original language would make it mean less than "deliver us from the evil"—the definite article indicating that personality is in mind, and the translation is therefore, as we find it in the revised version, fully justified.

If we would give any honor to the Scriptures that give us the Lord's Prayer, we must give honor to the Scriptures also that teach most clearly concerning the existence, the character, the work and the destiny of the devil. In the scripture devils, or demons, are spoken of very frequently. We find also that there is a prince of the demons, who is called the devil, or Satan, or, as in the Greek of the New Testament, diabolos, the latter word occurring 33 times. The use of the term devil, or Satan, is very frequent, as if there was no question of the reality and the personality referred to, as, for instance, in the first chapter of Job, in the Gospels, in the Acts of the Apostles and in the Epistles.

While the field of operation of the devil is largely in the heavenly or upper regions, it is also on this earth, as is proved by Job 1:7 and 1 Peter 5:8, "the latter passage reading, 'the devil, as a roaring lion, walketh about, seeking whom he may devour.' It is appropriate, therefore, that men pray, 'deliver us from the evil one.'"

Granting that there is such a being on the earth, is he in a dormant or active state? The words just used, inferring that he is walking about seeking whom he may devour, would prove that he is very alert. He is busy every moment, and does not hesitate to enter the most sacred places to do his diabolical work. If a man is not stirred up to the commission of some God or man-offending sin, the devil is just as busy when he keeps him from being interested in some positively righteous action. The present slumber of God's people in all lands and churches, is just as much the work of the devil as his activities in countries ravaged by war. The devil takes myriad forms in his operation, now blinding the eyes of men lest the light of the glory of the gospel of Christ, who is the image of God, should shine upon them; or, when he sees the truth drop into some needy heart, he at once takes it up, as the bird takes up the seed fallen on the beaten pathway; or, when he knows a man is receiving the truth, he immediately comes to that man and sows the seeds of error in his heart, so that he cannot bear the proper fruit; or possibly, he finds one of God's children, most active and efficient, and he gets in his way as he did with Paul and his companions on more than one occasion.

Few of those who are in the Bible called the children of the devil appear to recognize their father. They constantly do his bidding and afterwards reap the reward of his deception and malice. Those who have become the children of God by faith in Jesus Christ, are aware of the personality of the devil, and are given certain specific instructions as to how to deal with him. They are told to be vigilant and that they are to resist him; when he oppresses them sometimes very hard in order to crush them, they are told, not to yield to him; and as he sometimes appears before them in a fighting attitude, they are told to fight him.

Probably it may be well to consider the devil as concerned in the affairs of men generally. All the evil in the world—war, cruelty, oppression, dishonesty, unkindness, graft, suspicion, jealousy, etc.—directly come from the devil, who is a powerful, personal being hating God and man. His chief spite is vented against Jesus Christ. It is most delightful to know that a day is coming when the devil will be bound, when Jesus will reign on the earth. After that day he will be utterly cast out, and this world, now cursed with the result of man's sin, will be a place of delight, not only with men but with beasts of the field and with all the creation as we know it.

## "CASCARETS" FOR LIVER, BOWELS

For sick headache, bad breath, Sour Stomach and constipation.

Get a 10-cent box now.

No odds how bad your liver, stomach or bowels; how much your head aches, how miserable and uncomfortable you are from constipation, indigestion, biliousness and sluggish bowels—you always get the desired results with Cascarets.

Don't let your stomach, liver and bowels make you miserable. Take Cascarets to-night; put an end to the headache, biliousness, dizziness, nervousness, sick, sour, gassy stomach, backache and all other distress; cleanse your inside organs of all the bile, gases and constipated matter which is producing the misery.

A 10-cent box means health, happiness and a clear head for months. No more days of gloom and distress if you will take a Cascaret now and then. All stores sell Cascarets. Don't forget the children—their little insides need a cleansing, too. Adv.

### Cottage for Christmas Gift.

The Christmas gift of a Los Angeles (Cal.) man, ill in a hospital, was a completely furnished cottage which 32 friends built for him in one day, completing their work by the light of a powerful motorcar lamp. All the workmen were fellow members with their friend of a fraternal insurance order. Their sick man is the sole support of an eighty-three-year-old mother.

The Quinine That Does Not Affect The Head Because of its tonic and laxative effect, LATITUDE BROWN Quinine can be taken by anyone without causing nervousness or ringing in the head. There is only one "Brown Quinine." R. W. GROVES' signature is on each box. 25c.

### RECOGNIZED WORK OF BIRDS

Occasion When Growers of Grain Responded to Appeal to Save Their Friends From Extermination.

Three hundred million dollars' worth of the cotton crop was damaged by the cotton boll weevil in the last year and birds, especially quail, consider such fare a treat and have a fondness for ridding the farmer of the enemies of his crops. What the good birds do in the destruction of insects injurious to man's interests is little short of marvelous.

One year at the headquarters of the National Audubon society a wire came stating: "Birds are dying in Kansas, Nebraska and Missouri in great numbers—result of sleet and snow." In response to the wire \$900 worth of grain, seed and chaff was distributed, together with grit, to the birds and saved many of the insectivorous birds and game birds. The postmaster general ordered the rural mail carriers to distribute the feed free of charge.

### New Industry for Detroit.

It is estimated that \$10,000,000 worth of the 1916-17 fur exports will pass into the American channels before next June. The manufactured product, of course, will more than double these figures, for every one who touches a skin increases the profit which the ultimate purchaser must pay to the ancient industry. The cream of this new business will center in Detroit, one of the big fur manufacturing points of the country. New York, Chicago, Cincinnati, Philadelphia, St. Louis and other cities.

Father of Dyspepsia. Hurry is the father of dyspepsia.—William George Jordan.

## A Pleasant Healthful Habit

A daily ration of Grape-Nuts and cream is a splendid food for those who want vigor and energy.

## Grape-Nuts

is a concentrated health-food made from choice whole wheat and malted barley. It retains the vital mineral elements of the grain so essential to thorough nourishment of body and brain, but lacking in many other cereal foods.

Every table should have its daily ration of Grape-Nuts.

"There's a Reason"

No change in price, quality or size of package.